

There cannot surely be a more glaring Absurdity in politics than putting arms into the hands of known and detected enemies, for the purpose of guarding the lives and properties of their fellow subjects, and even maintaining the national honour. If it were designed to render the character of a soldier infamous, a better method could not be devised. This observation will doubtless point out the impropriety and danger of sending convicts to garrison the forts upon the coast of Africa, which, it is said, will be adopted.

Notwithstanding the success in the Spanish Guerres of the Spaniards against Algiers, it is pretty evident, that their bombardment of that place will turn out in the end a second Gibraltar Coup de Navarre. The Algerines are as well prepared to receive the Spanish attack as their friends could possibly wish; because the Spaniards labour under one difficulty here which they had not to encounter at Gibraltar, which is that of being obliged to keep at distance; should they come within the harbour's mouth, their retreat would be impossible, and their ships might be torn to pieces in a very short time by two Lunettes, whose cannon of 48 pounders are level with the water, and being on opposite sides of the shore, their fire crosses one another at right angles, or if it were possible they should escape these, there is a Castle higher up, which is one continued battery of three Tiers, mounting 56, 40, and 32 pounders brass cannon, built for the purpose. Don Barcelo, it is conceived, will find his retreat from before Algiers, as Don Cardova did from Gibraltar, with a thing to his tail.

Saturday evening, about half past 12 o'clock, a most dreadful fire broke out at the house of Mr. Moulton, a Goldsmith in the Borough, which entirely consumed the same, and damaged the two adjoining houses belonging to Messrs. Allen and Freeman, and Mr. Hendshaw; but we are happy to inform the public, that no lives were lost. Fortunately the wind was very favourable, otherwise the post house, stables, &c. at the back of these houses, must have inevitably been consumed in this dreadful conflagration; for so rapid were the flames, that large flakes of fire fell into the yard of the George Inn, Tailor Inn, and many others, to the great apprehension of the inhabitants. About four o'clock on Sunday afternoon the fire began again to gather a head in the garrets of Messrs. A. and Co. but was happily discovered and extinguished without doing any further damage. One of the men belonging to the San-Fire Office was so much hurt by the falling of a wall, that he was obliged to be carried to St. Thomas's hospital. Two men were detected stealing plate, which was found upon them; they were secured for examination.

On Sunday morning six of the Lord-Mayor's marshals and four constables went to execute warrants on the sailors belonging to the Linnen-hall, an Irish ship in the river, for their inhumanly beating two black men; when the Officers appeared in sight they swore they would not be taken, drew their knives, and threatened to stab the first man that came near them; at length the above Officers boarded the vessel, took them, and carried them before Alderman Hart, when on their paying two guineas each to the blacks, for the wounds and bruises they had given them, and making ample satisfaction to the Officers for the danger they ran, and their trouble in taking them, and promising not to be guilty of the like again, they were dismissed.

The province of Georgia is almost depopulated. Most of the gentlemen of distinction and property there were Loyalists, and on the evacuation of the province by the King's troops they left the country, and varied off their negroes. Others of the Loyalists were cruelly murdered, for their attachment to the Sovereign; it is calculated, that not a tenth part of the white inhabitants, that were in Georgia at the breaking out of the civil war, remain there at this time, and the proportion of negroes is much less. The representatives of Georgia in former times used to vote themselves wages, but the whole-taxes of the province, it is computed, are not now sufficient for that purpose; accordingly, Georgia is not now represented in Congress. What is to become of their Governor, and the numerous-train of civil Officers? Is government in Georgia to be dissolved? Or is the expence thereof to devolve on the other United States?

DUBLIN, September 16. Friday, advice was received, that the Princess, Capt. Stanton, from Cork, for the West Indies, had foundered on her passage; the crew were taken up by a vessel in sight, but the ship and cargo are entirely lost.

On any great national question, Mr. Fox's labors never ceased against his Country. His political loyalty to his prince, and his perhaps, he might better serve his Country. Will not every sensible dispassionate man wish to stand that Mr. Grattan could desire, or Mr. Flood refuse upon. Mr. Masly and Mr. Harry Harcourt, are, I believe, honest Men. They were supported by many respectable Freeholders, so was Mr. Fitzgibbon, but public spirit yielded to private passion, every feeling of honour and integrity that forms social life, was sacrificed to party views, or Mr. Fitzgibbon would have been retained by a great Majority. I shall not comment on such conduct, or recapitulate the treatment he met. My motive is to defend the innocent, not to uphold the guilty, to rear detraction and falsehood from the altar of Independency, where they have retired as an asylum, and devote them a sacrifice to the faith and judgment of every honest man in

A Gentleman just arrived from New York gives the most disconcerting account of the reception of the British and Irish emigrants who have met in the several parts of America where they have arrived, there being neither work, food or raiment for them. A letter from Derbyshire, says, that a mining company in that country, had proposed to work an immensely rich silver mine in the island of St. Christopher, in the West Indies, on condition that His Majesty will waive his right of Royalty to its produce. No answer is yet given.

The whole proceedings at Dungannon are certainly the most solemn and majestic that can possibly be imagined, if we except the triumphant and glorious scene which was exhibited at Runnymede, when King John solemnly ratified the liberties we now enjoy, and delivered up Magna-Charta to the English Barons. The spirit of freedom will in consequence, be diffused thro' every corner of the kingdom, and the very Volunteers who saved the constitution, will enjoy the happiness of bringing it to perfection.

It is expected that the instructions to the Delegates which are to meet here in November next, will comprehend the cognizance of every material Question which is necessary to be agitated in regard to this Country; and resolutions entered into accordingly for the seditious Parliament. The Royal Exchange will, at that time, contain the real uncorrupt representatives of a free people.

MARRIED. Mr. John Wray of Barrackstreet, to the agreeable Miss Elizabeth Farrell of Tullamore.—At Cashel, Thomas Ryan, Esq. to Miss Goid.

Galway, Sep. 15. Last Thursday night, as a man was stealing some cels out of a net in the river of Clare Turn, he accidentally fell in, and was drowned.

Early this morning an infant was found dead in the Church yard, supposed to be thrown in there by its cruel and unnatural parent, whose whom search is making.

At the close of the poll for the county of Galway the 15th inst. the numbers were as follows:

For Edmund Kirwan, Esq.	300
W. P. K. Trevelyan, Esq.	302
Re. Hon. Denis Daly	299
Richard Martin, Esq.	293
C O R R E C T I O N	
Sept. 15.	
Twentieth Day's Poll.	
At the close of the Poll this day, for Knights of the Shire, to represent this County in Parliament, the numbers stood thus:	
For James Bernard, Esq.	1141
Right Hon. Lord Kingsborough,	718
Richard Townsend Esq.	697
Sir J. H. Conway Colclough, Bart.	95
L I M E R I C K	

Last Monday by the presentation of Edward Croker, of Rathfriland, Esq. the Revd. James Graves received institution to the Living of Croon and Adare, vacant by the death of the late Rev. Mr. Bucknor.

Last Tuesday, the 11th Regt. fired three Volleys on the Assembly-Mall, on the account received the day before of the Definitive treaty being signed.

Yesterday and this morning the first and second divisions of the 11th Regiment marched hence for Youghall; they will be followed by the remainder to-morrow.

In consequence of the removal of the army, the Garrison duty will be performed by the Volunteers Corps of this City.—The Limerick Independents yesterday took the Main Guard, and were relieved this day by the Loyal Limerick Volunteers.

POST-NEWS. Sep. 16. Sailed the Mary Ann, Dwyer, Galway, Window Glass, Bottles, from Bristol.—17. The Ludwig, Grave, Bremen, Butter

The Printer anxious to please all Parties, and his Readers of every description, has readily admitted the following Answer to the Advertisement in last Monday's Paper; as the name of the Writer of the first is not concealed, the Author of the second may also be known, by calling at the Office.

To the PRINTER of the

LIMERICK CHRONICLE
A Truly great mind will never, in the hour of Success, triumph over its adversary. The Conqueror will pity the fate of the vanquished but he will revere the Man, and will not be so ungenerous, to upbraid as to insult him. I include to an article in your Paper of yesterday, designed to snare a character which is superior to the shafts of envy. Mr. Oliver was returned to Parliament in 1776, by the unanimous voices of almost every Freeholder in the County. That might truly be filled an honourable

On any great national question, Mr. Fox's labors never ceased against his Country. His political loyalty to his prince, and his perhaps, he might better serve his Country. Will not every sensible dispassionate man wish to stand that Mr. Grattan could desire, or Mr. Flood refuse upon. Mr. Masly and Mr. Harry Harcourt, are, I believe, honest Men. They were supported by many respectable Freeholders, so was Mr. Fitzgibbon, but public spirit yielded to private passion, every feeling of honour and integrity that forms social life, was sacrificed to party views, or Mr. Fitzgibbon would have been retained by a great Majority. I shall not comment on such conduct, or recapitulate the treatment he met. My motive is to defend the innocent, not to uphold the guilty, to rear detraction and falsehood from the altar of Independency, where they have retired as an asylum, and devote them a sacrifice to the faith and judgment of every honest man in

Tuesday September 16, 1783.
At a Meeting of the Governors of the House of Industry, on September 15, 1783.

The Worshipful MAYOR in the Chair
The Treasurer having reported that a Committee be appointed to examine his accounts, to the 15th inst.

Resolved, that the following Gentlemen, or any three of them, be appointed to examine the same, and make their Report on the 25th inst. Rev. Francis Howson, Walter Woodhouse, Esq. Rev. Mr. Seymour, Doctor Crough, Messrs. Thomas Mack, Michael Rochford, and Henry Rose.

Resolved, that the Governors be requested to attend, to receive said Report, and elect a Treasurer and other Officers.

GEORGE JAYTH, Mayor.
Wanted a GOVERNESS for Young Children. Application to be made in the Printer.

NEW SILKS.
RICH TABBINETS, &c.

MILLEA, MASTON, has the Best Variety of SILKS and TABBINETS, in this City, immediately Arrived from the First Manufacturers in London and Dublin;—Italian BLACK SILKS of the first Quality, Jackson and Book MUSLINS, of every Breadth; Striped, Checked and Spotted MUSLINS, Fecioned Aprons, Milliners Dimitys, Marcellis Quilting, Irish Calicos, London Printed CALLICOES, and SILK STOCKINGS.

N. B. As these Goods have been purchased on the BEST TERMS, he is determined not to be UNDERSOLD by any DUBLIN MERCHANTS. Limerick, July 28, 1783.

TO BE SOLD at MALLEC by Doctor SHEARER, a large quantity of HAY, well saved above a Month ago, fit for being immediately stacked. Limerick, Sept. 15, 1783.

TO BE LET, for 12 or 18 Months, Ready Furnished, or the Interest Sold, Mr D'ESTERRE'S House, which has every Convenience necessary for a Country Gentleman, the Tenant can be accommodated with a Garden, Turf, Coal, Hay and Grass. enquire at said House or of Mr. EDWARD PARKER. Sept. 15.

To be Sold Cheap,
A London made POST CHAISE, about Six Years in Use, with a Pair of HARNESS and TRUNK—Apply to Mr. JOHN MASSY, Coach-Maker, Limerick. Sept. 13, 1783.

To Be SOLD, BY PUBLICK AUNT, (For Ready Money Only.)

IN the Town of Kilmallock, on Monday the Sixth Day of October next, between the hours of Twelve and Three o'Clock, the Stock of fine HORNED CATTLE, belonging to CHIDLEY COOTE, Esq. of Ash-Hill, in the County of Limerick, they are of the best English Breed, and of different Ages, there are two remarkably fine Year Old BULL'S in said Stock. Ash-Hill, Sept. 17, 1783.

TICKETS AT HALF RISQUE, J. FERRAR, Limerick, is now Selling 15 Tickets and Shares from Half a Guinea to fifteen Guineas; also a FIVE GUINEA Share in One Hundred Guineas worth of Tickets, for Two Guineas and an Half, an offer that has not been made by any other Person in the Kingdom. Sept. 18, 1783.

SEVEN HUNDRED POUNDS to be Lent on real Security. Enquire of the Printer Limerick, August 18, 1783.

you are desired to be expelled the Court, and re- Parks should be for your impartiality the Pool, which to communicate to bute justly due to and impartial Court I have

BALDWIN'S
Sept. 14, 1783.
TO
By GEORGE



and Convenience for it needs no Description necessary belonging to a bar nothing to do but N. B. The Tenant possession.

William Jackson, PLAINTIFF.
Anne Sargent, DEFENDANT.

Same, against Francis Sargent

tween the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock of Luncheon, set out to the highest and Belendant Anne Sargent from House, in the jail now Tenanted by Mr. T. Bacon; and also a Gold Ring and a Case of Plate-mount Pistols; the Property of a Mr. Sargent Peter Date September, 1783.

GEO. THOMAS
HUGH BRAD

WANT
ABOUT 30 Acres of Land with a House, either Limerick or Clare; any like to Dispose of and will give a Fine, will hear of a Termination by Applying to the Printer.

DAVID R.
At the Wholesale and Wine, SPIRIT, AND WARE-HOUSE

TAKES this method to sincere Thanks to his Public, for the very great Esteem with which his Country Business; hopes for a Continuance, which shall be his merit.

As he is determined in for Ready Money Only, the Public red of being Supplied with every way) of the Best Quality Lowest Prices Sold in this City Claret, usually sold on Credit Dozen, he sells at 22s.

Disto, sold at 30s.—he sells
Red Port; — 20s.—he sells
White Do. — 20s.—he sells
Lisbon, — 18s.—he sells
Carcavello, — 20s.—he sells
Old Jamaica Rum, 8s.—he sells
Ben Old Brandy, 8s.—he sells
With a variety of Best Teas, Spices, &c. &c. proportionably. Retailers of Spirits will find it a good way to Deal with him.

Limerick, September 1
This Day Arrived to

THOMAS ROBE

FOR SALE,
FRESH GERMAN SPA, and S WATER, who has some Claret Quality in Timber, and Bottle; Re Disto; London Porter, in Hogs Quarter Cases the best imported; B Vinegar, in Tierces; a parcel of Hops, in Bags, Dutch Flat in the Pitch, Tar, and Rosin; Iron of all which with a very general Assortment of GROCERIES and DYE STUFFS Wholesale Line, he will sell on very Terms, with a few Casks of real French Franchion Indigo, a parcel of Seydl Reaping Hooks Jordan and Valenciennes, by the Cwt. Stone, or pound Dublin Prices. August 14, 1783